Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information

30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

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Statement of Management's Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- Preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information of Point Lisas Industrial Port Development Corporation Limited and its subsidiary (the 'Group'), which comprise the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, and the condensed consolidated interim statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory notes;
- Ensuring that the Group keeps proper accounting records;
- Selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- Implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the Group's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of Group operational efficiencies;
- Ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- Producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- Using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, management utilised the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting', as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad. Where IFRS Accounting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the Group will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

President 12 August 2025 Vice President - Business Services Ag. 12 August 2025



Report on review of interim financial information

To the Shareholders of Point Lisas Industrial Port Development Corporation Limited

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position of Point Lisas Industrial Port Development Corporation Limited and its subsidiary (the "Group") as at 30 June 2025 and the related condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, and condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity and condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended and notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity'. A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers

San Fernando Trinidad, West Indies 13 August 2025

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

		30 June		31 December
	Notes	2025	2024 \$	2024 \$
Assets		\$	Þ	Þ
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	5	742,890	748,615	750,860
Investment properties	6	2,470,935	2,315,430	2,439,690
Deferred income tax assets Right of use assets		14,786	17,434 1,671	14,844 835
Financial assets at amortised cost		9,868	1,071	
Financial assets at fair value through		0,000		
other comprehensive income		<u>1,160</u>	1,225	1,133
		3,239,639	3,084,375	3,207,362
Current assets		260,323	245,456	273,687
Total assets		3,499,962	3,329,831	3,481,049
Equity and liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the parent Stated capital		139,968	139,968	139,968
Treasury shares		(32)	(32)	(32)
Investment revaluation reserve		223	288	195
Revaluation reserves Retained earnings		271,230 2,756,403	273,402 2,558,284	272,565 2,718,050
retained carriings		2,730,403	2,000,204	2,110,000
Non-current liabilities		3,167,792	2,971,910	3,130,746
Borrowings	8	31,019	2,468	37,254
Lease liabilities	7 -	0.700	127	
Retirement benefit obligation Casual employee retirement benefit obligation	7 a. 7 b.	8,763 38,100	14,235 40,428	9,359 38,216
Deferred income tax liabilities	7 5.	101,368	103,130	102,964
Deferred lease rental income		51,700	52,639	52,167
		230,950	213,027	239,960
Current liabilities		101,220	144,894	110,343
Total liabilities		332,170	357,921	350,303
Total equity and liabilities		3,499,962	3,329,831	3,481,049

The notes on pages 7 to 16 are an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

On 12 August 2025, the Board of Directors of Point Lisas Industrial Port Development Corporation Limited authorised this condensed consolidated interim financial information for issue.

Director Man Director

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Profit or loss and Other Comprehensive Income

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Note	Three mont 30 June 2025 \$	hs ended 30 June 2024 \$	Six mont 30 June 2025 \$	hs ended 30 June 2024 \$
Revenue		106,962	95,936	212,370	185,302
Cost of providing services		(36,448)	(31,769)	(68,812)	(58,588)
Gross profit		70,514	64,167	143,558	126,714
Unrealised fair value (losses)/gain investment properties Administrative expenses Other operating expenses Other income	s on	(1,425) (43,368) (17,049) <u>66</u>	(6,055) (34,106) (19,174) 180	31,245 (71,964) (39,913) 197	28,750 (65,389) (40,660) 275
Operating profit		8,738	5,012	63,123	49,690
Investment income Finance costs		318 (400)	249 (949)	749 (1,279)	553 (1,914)
Profit before taxation		8,656	4,312	62,593	48,329
Income tax expense		(1,224)	(3,608)	(10,727)	(7,021)
Profit for the period		7,432	704	51,866	41,308
Other comprehensive income					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss Change in the fair value of equity i at fair value through other compredeferred tax on accelerated tax derivatives of the compression of the	nvestments ehensive inco epreciation	ome 1	(171)	28	(244)
and site improvements	иричени	<u>501</u>	<u>501</u>	1,002	1,002
Total comprehensive income for the period		<u>7,934</u>	1,034	<u>52,896</u>	42,066
Earnings per share Basic earnings per share	10	<u>19¢</u>	2¢	132¢	105¢
Diluted earnings per share	10	19¢	2¢	<u>131¢</u>	104¢

The notes on pages 7 to 16 are an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Note	Stated capital \$	Revaluation reserves	Investment revaluation reserves	Treasury shares \$	Retained earnings \$	Shareholders' equity \$
Six months ended 30 June 2025							
Balance as at 1 January 2025		139,968	272,565	195	(32)	2,718,050	3,130,746
Comprehensive income						E4 000	E4 000
 Profit for the period Other comprehensive (loss)/income 						51,866	51,866
- Transfer of revaluation reserve to							
retained earnings, net of tax			(2,337)			2,337	
- Change in the fair value of equity			(2,001)			2,001	
investments at fair value through							
other comprehensive income				28			28
- Deferred tax on accelerated tax							-
depreciation on revalued property, plan	nt						
and equipment and site improvements	3		1,002				1,002
Transactions with owners							
- Dividends	15					(15,850)	<u>(15,850</u>)
Balance as at 30 June 2025		139,968	271,230	223	(32)	2,756,403	3,167,792
Six months ended 30 June 2024							
Balance as at 1 January 2024		139,968	275,238	532	(32)	2,518,101	2,933,807
Comprehensive income					, ,		
- Profit for the period						41,308	41,308
Other comprehensive (loss)/income							
- Transfer of revaluation reserve to							
retained earnings, net of tax			(2,838)			2,838	
- Change in the fair value of equity							
investments at fair value through				(0.4.4)			(0.4.4)
other comprehensive income - Deferred tax on accelerated tax				(244)			(244)
depreciation on revalued property, plai	nt.						
and equipment and site improvements			1,002				1,002
Transactions with owners	,		1,002				1,002
- Dividends	15					(3,963)	(3,963)
		400,000	272 402	200	(20)	,	
Balance as at 30 June 2024		<u>139,968</u>	273,402	<u>288</u>	(32)	2,558,284	<u>2,971,910</u>

The notes on pages 7 to 16 are an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

		Six month 30 Ju	
	Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Income tax paid Net cash generated from operating activities		49,629 (1,072) (13,908) 34,649	30,490 (2,083) (5,720) 22,687
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received Additions to property, plant and equipment	5	749 (9,773)	633 (5,036)
Net cash used in investing activities		(9,024)	<u>(4,403</u>)
Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid Principal elements of lease payments Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings	15	(15,850) (919) (7,033)	(3,963) (920) 297 (6,756)
Net cash used in financing activities		(23,802)	(11,342)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		1,823 184,942 1,811	6,942 141,234 195
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		188,576	148,371
Cash and cash equivalents Short-term deposits Cash at bank and on hand		70,682 117,894 188,576	68,360 80,011 148,371

The notes on pages 7 to 16 are an integral part of this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

1 General information

Point Lisas Industrial Port Development Corporation Limited ("the Corporation" or "the Group") was incorporated on 16 September 1966 under the laws of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago and has a primary listing on the Trinidad and Tobago Stock Exchange. Its registered office is located at PLIPDECO House, Orinoco Drive, Point Lisas Industrial Estate, Point Lisas, Couva, Trinidad, West Indies. The Corporation Sole (Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago) is owner of 51% of the issued share capital.

Point Lisas Terminals Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary, was incorporated in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago in 1981 and is involved in the supply of labour to the parent company for its cargo handling operations at the port.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information was approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 August 2025.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information was reviewed, not audited.

2 Material accounting policies

a. Basis of preparation

This condensed consolidated interim financial information for the three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2025 has been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting'.

The interim report does not include all the notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report. Accordingly, this condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year and corresponding interim reporting period, except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out below.

(i) Historical cost convention

This condensed consolidated interim financial information have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- the revaluation of land, buildings and own site improvements measured at fair value,
- investment properties measured at fair value,
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income measured at fair value, and
- defined benefit pension plans plan assets measured at fair value.
- (ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period. The Group did not have to change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these standards.

(iii) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted by the Group

There are no standards that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

3 Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, the significant judgments made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

The areas involving significant estimates or judgments are:

- Estimation of fair values of land and buildings and investment properties Notes 5 and 6
- Estimation of retirement benefit pension obligation Note 7 a.
- Estimation of casual employee retirement benefit Note 7 b.
- Estimation of forward looking assumptions under IFRS 9
- Estimates in the assessment of impairment of property, plant and equipment.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Impairment assessment of non-financial assets of the Group

Estimates are required in determining the recoverable amount of assets to assess whether an impairment exists. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. An asset is impaired when its carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. IAS 36 'Impairment of non-financial assets' describes some indicators that an impairment loss may have occurred. If any of those indicators are present, the Group will make a formal estimate of recoverable amount. At the statement of financial position date, the market capitalisation of the Group was significantly less than the net assets of the Group. As such, management determined that an impairment assessment was required to determine if the net assets of the Group were impaired. The results of the assessment as at 31 December 2024 are applicable as at the period end and there is no impairment.

4 Financial risk management and financial instruments

a. Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements; they should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2024. There have been no changes in any risk management policies since the year end.

b. Liquidity risk

Compared to year end, there was no material change in the contractual undiscounted cash outflows for financial liabilities.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

4 Financial risk management and financial instruments (continued)

c. Fair value estimation

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group classifies its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows.

The following shows the Group's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2025, 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2024 on a recurring basis.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
As at 30 June 2025	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value through other	1.160		
comprehensive income	1,100		<u></u>
As at 30 June 2024 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,225		
As at 31 December 2024			
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	1,133		

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted (unadjusted) market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.
- The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
- If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

There were no transfers between levels during the period.

d. Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amount:

- Financial asset at amortised cost
- Trade and other receivables
- Cash and cash equivalents (excluding bank overdrafts)
- Trade and other payables
- Borrowings

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

5	Property,	plant and	equipment

Six months ended 30 June 2025	\$
Opening net book amount as at 1 January 2025 Additions Disposals Impairment Depreciation	750,860 9,773 (11) (4,790) (12,942)
Closing net book amount as at 30 June 2025	
Six months ended 30 June 2024	
Opening net book amount as at 1 January 2024 Additions Depreciation	755,853 5,036 <u>(12,274)</u>
Closing net book amount as at 30 June 2024	<u>748,615</u>
Year ended 31 December 2024	
Opening net book amount as at 1 January 2024 Additions Disposals/adjustments Depreciation	755,853 20,602 (24) (25,571)
Closing net book amount as at 31 December 2024	750,860

6 Investment properties

	30	30 June	
	2025 \$	2024 \$	2024 \$
At the beginning of year	2,439,690	2,286,680	2,286,680
Unrealised fair value gains	<u>31,245</u>	<u>28,750</u>	<u> 153,010</u>
At the end of period/year	2,470,935	2,315,430	2,439,690

The Group's investment properties were valued at 30 June 2025 by independent professional qualified valuators, Raymond & Pierre Chartered Valuation Surveyors, who hold a recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued. A full valuation report is received as at the end of the financial year and a summary report is received at the end of each quarter.

The Group's Finance department reviews the valuations performed by the independent valuators for financial reporting purposes. This department reports directly to the Vice President of Business Services. Discussions of valuations processes and results are held between the Vice President of Business Services, the Estate department, the Finance department and the independent valuators at least once every quarter, in line with the Group's quarterly reporting dates.

At each financial reporting date the Finance department:

- verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation report;
- assesses property valuation movements when compared to the prior valuation report;
- holds discussions with the independent valuator.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

6 Investment properties (continued)

The market value represents the estimated amount for which an asset or liability should exchange on the valuation date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing and where the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. For all investment properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use. The valuation is based on both the Income Method for leased properties and Market Approach for land.

Under the Income Approach Method, the estimated net rental income from a property by a year's purchase (multiplier) is calculated to arrive at a capital value for the property. The net income is derived from an estimated gross income less outgoings i.e. rates, insurance, repairs and management allowance. The present value is obtained by discounting at the risk free rates of 2.5%, 3.5% and 5%. The valuation for the 30 year leases also assumes that all tenants have renewal clauses in their current leases which will extend the lease for an additional 30 years. Under the Market Approach Method, the sales of comparable acreage of the properties are analysed to determine a value for the leased land under consideration.

The following table analyses the non-financial assets carried at fair value. The different levels have been defined as follows in Note 4c.

Fair value measurements using			
As at 30 June 2025 Recurring fair value	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$
measurements - Investment Properties		<u></u>	2,470,935
As at 30 June 2024 Recurring fair value measurements			
- Investment Properties			2,315,430
As at 31 December 2024 Recurring fair value measurements			
- Investment Properties			2,439,690

There were no transfers between levels during the year.

Level 3 fair values have been derived using the Income Approach Method for leased properties and Market Approach Method for land. Evidence of arm's length open market transactions of similar lands were analysed and the results applied to the subject lands after taking into consideration appropriate adjustments for location, size and other relevant factors. The most significant input into this valuation approach is future rental cash inflows based on the actual location and quality of the properties and supported by the terms of any existing leases and market prices of land.

The methods used in the valuation of land, building and own site improvement have been classified as level 3 as the inputs used in the methods are not readily available to the public and assumptions applied are based on the experience and judgment of the valuators prior to being reviewed and adopted by Management.

	30 June		
	2025 \$	2024 \$	
Rental income	<u>56,671</u>	54,624	
Costs arising from investment properties	<u>405</u>	<u>755</u>	

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

6 Investment properties (continued)

Notification of vesting or lease of state land

The Group was informed on 16 November 2021 by the Ministry of Agriculture, Lands and Fisheries of the vesting or lease by the State of a parcel of approximately 530 acres of State land subject to verification of title and encumberances and management by the Group of unauthorised occupants and parties claiming an interest in the parcel. No progress was made on this matter from 2021 to 2025.

7 a. Retirement benefit obligation

The figures in the table below have been pro-rated from the projected actuarial valuation for 2025.

The amounts recognised within administrative expenses in the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

	30 June	
	2025 \$	2024 \$
Current service costs Net interest on defined benefit liability Administrative expense allowance	5,262 266 	5,777 415 301
Pension expense	<u>5,814</u>	6,493

The amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position were as follows:

	30	30 June	
	2025	2024	2024
	\$	\$	\$
Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of assets	307,159	304,775	301,345
	(298,396)	(290,540)	(291,986)
Net defined benefit obligation	<u>8,763</u>	14,235	9,359

A defined contribution plan is currently in the process of being established. The rules of this plan have been submitted to the Board of Inland Revenue (BIR) for review and approval. This was not yet provided. Deductions from employees have not commenced. All new eligible members will be joining the defined contribution plan.

7 b. Casual employee retirement benefit obligation

The figures in the table below have been pro-rated from the projected actuarial valuation for 2025.

The amounts recognised within administrative expenses in the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

	30 June		
	2025 \$	2024 \$	
Current service costs Net interest on defined benefit liability	1,123 1,183	1,244 1,168	
Pension expense	<u>2,306</u>	2,412	

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

7 b. Casual employee retirement benefit obligation (continued)

The amounts recognised in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position were as follows:

	as follows:	30 Ju 2025 \$	ne 2024 \$	31 December 2024 \$
	Present value of benefit obligation	38,100	40,428	<u>38,216</u>
8	Borrowings			
	Non-current Current	31,019 10,347	2,468 76,724	37,254 11,147
	Present value of benefit obligation	41,366	79,192	48,401
	Movements in borrowings are analysed as follows:			
	Six months ended 30 June 2025			\$
	Opening amount as at 1 January 2025 Repayments of borrowings Foreign exchange gain on borrowings			48,401 (7,033) <u>(2</u>)
	Closing amount as at 30 June 2025			41,366
	Six months ended 30 June 2024			\$
	Opening amount as at 1 January 2024 Loan proceeds Repayments of borrowings Foreign exchange gain on borrowings			85,646 297 (6,756) 5
	Closing amount as at 30 June 2024			79,192
	Year ended 31 December 2024			\$
	Opening amount as at 1 January 2024 Loan proceeds Repayments of borrowings Foreign exchange gain on borrowings			85,646 297 (37,677) 135
	Closing amount as at 31 December 2024			48,401

9 Income taxes

Income tax expense is recognised based on management's estimate of the statutory income tax rates applicable to the different categories of income. Unrealised fair value gain on investment properties is not subject to tax.

The statutory tax rate used for the year to 31 December 2024 and for the three-month and sixmonth periods to 30 June 2025 was 30%.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

10 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to the ordinary shareholders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year plus allocated shares held by the ESOP Trustee.

	Three months ended 30 June		Six months ended 30 June	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Basic earnings per share	19¢	2¢	132¢	105¢
Diluted earnings per share	19¢	2¢	131¢	104¢

11 **Segment information**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the President and the management team, which is the team responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments and is also responsible for making strategic decisions. The Group's executive management team, consisting of the President, the Vice Presidents of Business Services, Port and Technical, examines the Group's performance from an operations perspective and has identified two reportable segments of its business.

- (i) Port operations This covers services supplied for the import, export and transhipment of containers and general cargo. The fees for these services include handling charges, storage rents, stuffing/unstuffing and other miscellaneous services. These are all based on an established tariff.
- (ii) Estate operations This covers operations involved in the development, maintenance and supply of onshore infrastructure which are leased to tenants at contracted rates as charged for occupancy, wayleaves and common service charges.

These are the reportable segments of the Group as they form the basis used by the President and management team, as the chief operating decision makers, for assessing performance and allocating resources.

These reported segments are closely integrated as the viability of one segment depends on the continued operations of the other. As such, the operation comprises one cash generating unit, which is taxed as one unit and for which other expenses do not relate entirely to one segment.

Six months ended 30 June 2025	Port and related activities	Estate \$	Other \$	Total \$
Revenue	154,636	56,671	1,063	212,370
Gross profit Unrealised fair value gains on	85,824	56,671	1,063	143,558
investment properties		31,245		31,245
Depreciation and amortization	(10,395)	(405)	(2,977)	(13,777)
Repairs & Maintenance	(15,418)	(6)	(2,064)	(17,488)
Other expenses - net	(41,257)	(4,684)	(33,725)	(79,666)
Finance costs - net	(645)		(634)	(1,279)
Profit before taxation	18,109	82,821	(38,337)	62,593

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

11 Segment information (continued)

Six months ended 30 June 2024	Port and related activities	Estate \$	Other \$	Total \$
Revenue	129,802	54,624	876	185,302
Gross profit Unrealised fair value gains on	71,214	54,624	876	126,714
investment properties		28,750		28,750
Depreciation and amortization	(10,024)	(755)	(2,331)	(13,110)
Repairs & Maintenance	(14,853)	(147)	(2,409)	(17,409)
Other expenses - net	(33,493)	(7,957)	(33,252)	(74,702)
Finance costs - net	(1,639)		(275)	(1,914)
Profit before taxation	11,205	74,515	(37,391)	48,329

The revenue reported to the chief operating decision makers is measured in a manner consistent with that in the condensed consolidated interim statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

	Port and related activities \$	Estate \$	Other \$	Total \$
Total segment assets				
30 June 2025	526,887	2,691,195	58,067	3,276,149
30 June 2024	557,296	2,532,762	58,484	3,148,542
31 December 2024	534,640	2,666,215	57,563	3,258,418

Total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial information. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment.

Reportable segments' assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:

	30 .	30 June	
	2025 \$	2024 \$	2024 \$
Total segment assets	3,276,149	3,148,542	3,258,418
Cash at bank and on hand	188,576	148,371	184,942
Deferred income tax asset	14,786	17,434	14,844
Other assets	20,451	15,484	22,845
Total assets as per statement of			
financial position	3,499,962	3,329,831	3,481,049

Total segment assets include additions to property, plant and equipment as follows:

	Port and related activities \$	Estate \$	Other \$	Total \$
- 30 June 2025	9,443		330	9,773
- 30 June 2024	4,601		435	5,036
- 31 December 2024	16,794		3,808	20,602

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Information (continued) 30 June 2025

(Expressed in Thousands of Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

11 Segment information (continued)

Total liabilities are centrally managed and are not allocated by segments.

There are no differences from the last annual financial statements in the basis of segmentation or in the basis of measurement of segment profit or loss.

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12	Transactions with related parties	30 Ji	June	
	·	2025	2024	
		\$	Þ	
	Key management compensation	<u>3,282</u>	2,004	

13 Contingent liabilities

(i) Customs bonds _____3,750 ____3,950

- (a) The Group has approved bond facilities with First Citizens Bank Limited of \$3,000, Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited of \$3,700 and with Republic Bank Limited of \$2,000.
- (b) The bonds held with Scotiabank Trinidad and Tobago Limited are secured in the amount of \$3,200.
- (ii) The Corporation is a party to various legal actions. In the opinion of the directors, after taking appropriate legal advice, the outcome of such actions will not result in any significant additional liabilities. Provisions have been made in this condensed consolidated interim financial information, where applicable.
- (iii) The Property Tax Act of 2009 (PTA) was enacted into law by the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago (GORTT), effective from 1 January 2010. There were challenges with its implementation and GORTT implemented waivers of the tax, the last of which expired on 30 September 2017. As of present, there have been no further changes to the legislation or extension of the waivers previously granted by the GORTT. The PTA has not yet been enforced primarily due to non-completion of property valuations by the statutory authority and assessments not being sent to taxpayers. While a present obligation exists, taxpayers are unable to reliably estimate the liability as the basis for fair value at this time has not been clarified.

14 Capital commitments

Authorised and contracted for and not provided for in the financial information 58,508 5,000

15 Dividends

On 20 March 2025, the Board of Directors approved a final dividend of 40¢ per share, amounting to \$15,850 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024. On 22 March 2024, the Board of Directors approved a final dividend of 10¢ per share, amounting to \$3,963 in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023.

16 Subsequent events

Subsequent to the period end, there were no events requiring adjustments or disclosures.